

Background

- With the implementation of a Radiology Information System (RIS) there is often a need to regularly update the RIS with new features
- In order for these new features to be implemented the system must undergo periods of downtime resulting in:
 - Inability to use the RIS system
 - Lack of connectivity/communication between the RIS and other hospital information systems i.e. order entry, dissemination of reports
- A need for a robust and comprehensive process to address these downtime was identified



Downtime System Limitations

Features Disabled During RIS Downtime

- Electronic requests for medical imaging studies
- Electronic scheduling and documentation of studies
- Online reporting of images in the RIS
- Automated transfer of reports to referring physician

Features Enabled During RIS Downtime

- Ability to send and store acquired images
- Electronic access for radiologists to view and manipulate acquired images
- Electronic access for referrers via online web based Coral Viewer software

Downtime Challenges

Downtime Planning *(Before)*

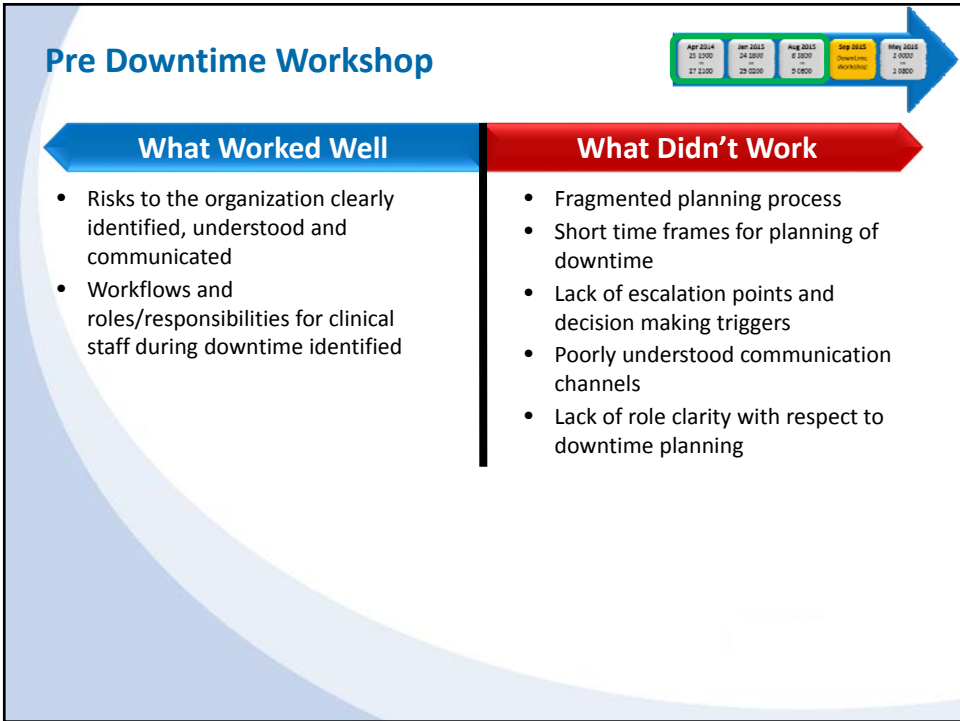
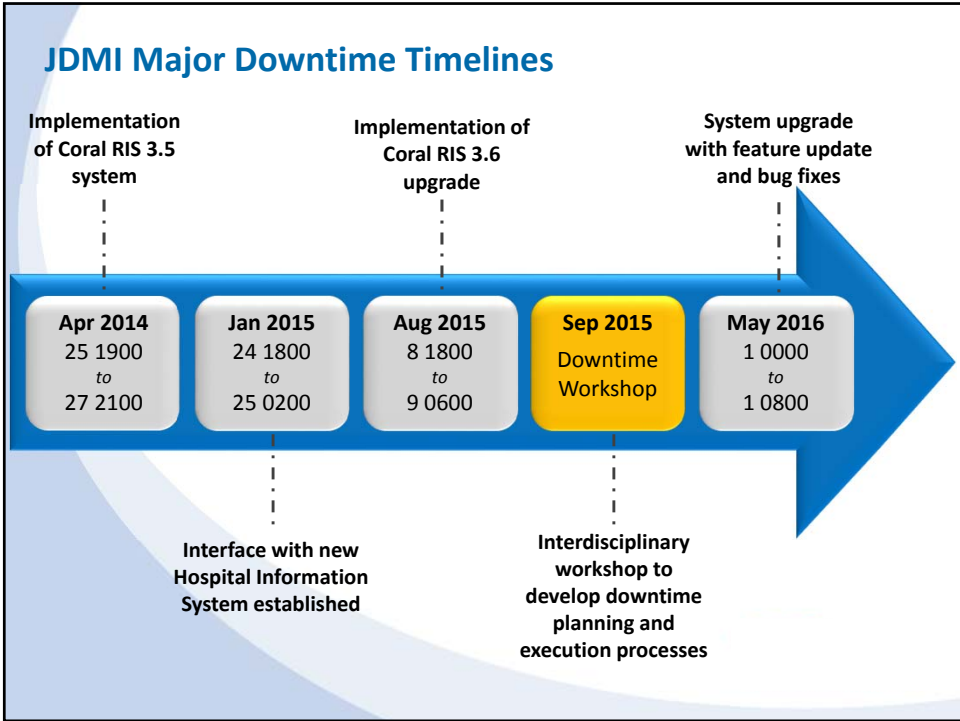
- Fragmented planning and communication processes
- Focus on system implementation planning as opposed to delivery of care
- No key points of escalation or decision points

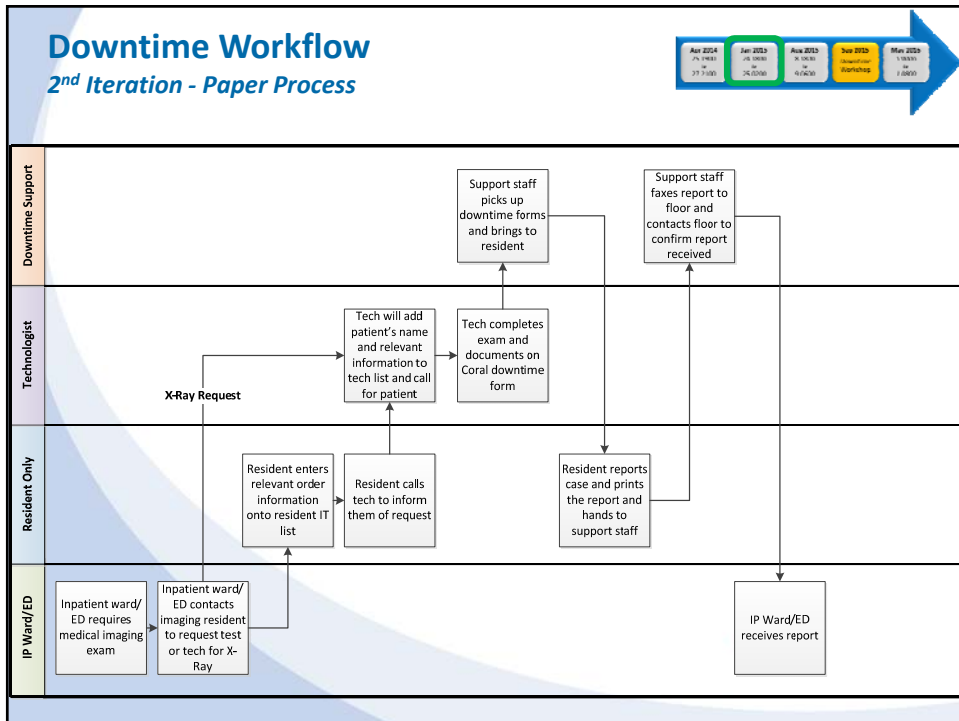
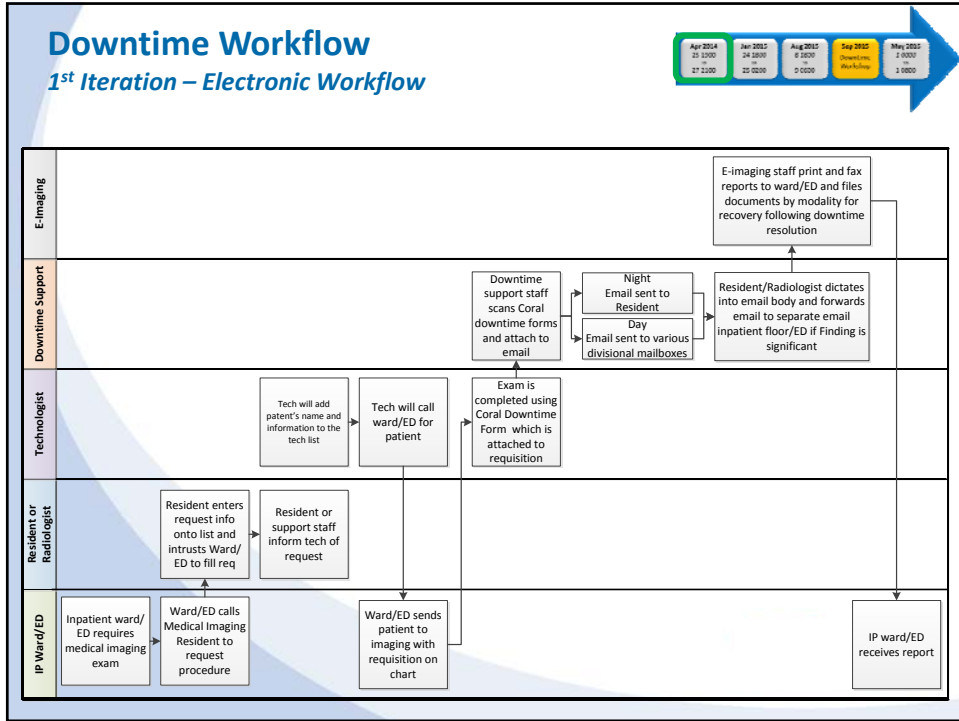
Downtime Execution *(During)*

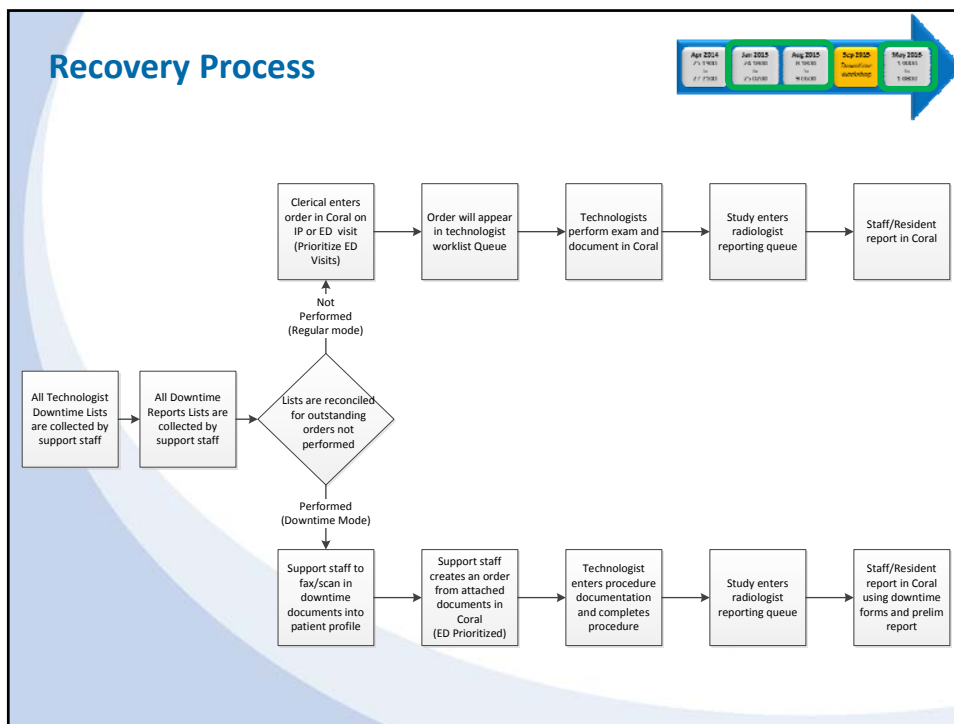
- Lack of clear workflows for delivery of care
- No defined clinical staff roles and responsibilities
- Delays to reporting of images following downtime
- Focus on needs of imaging as opposed to needs of referrer

Recovery *(After)*

- Poor documentation of study information back into RIS system resulting in incorrect or missing information







Downtime Workshop Solutions

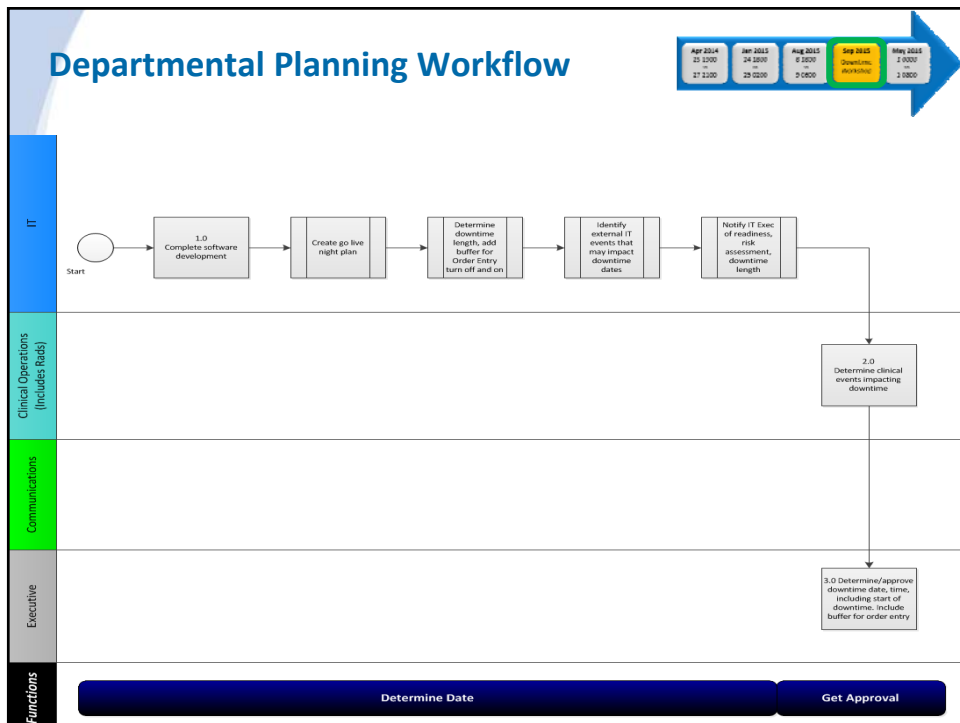
In an effort to address challenges identified in previous downtimes a process improvement workshop was held

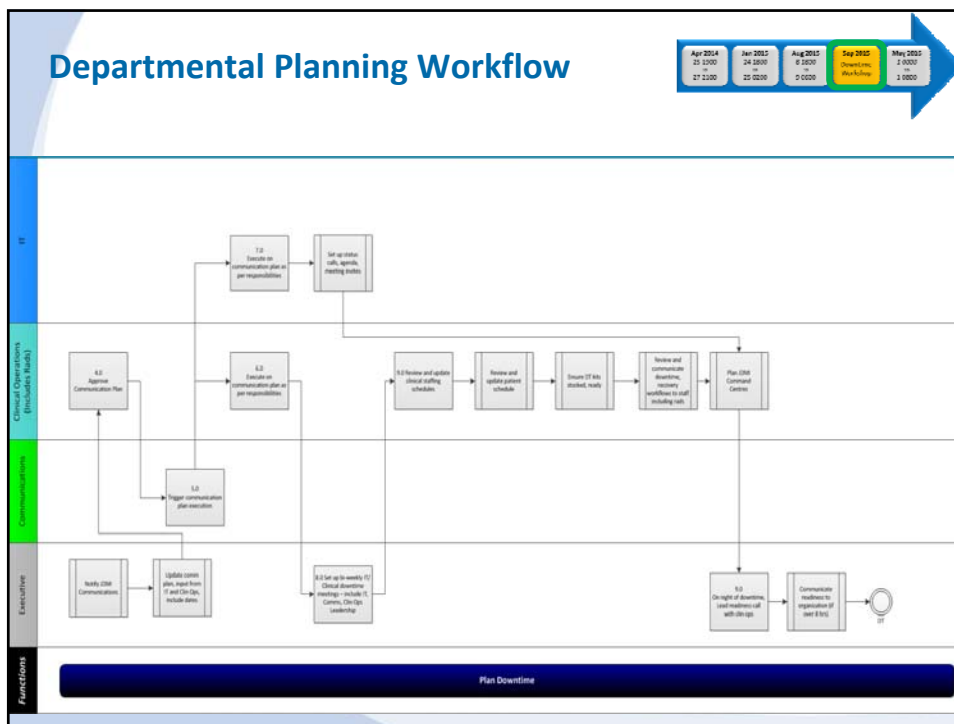
Issues Identified	Implemented Solutions
1. Fragmented planning process	✓ Downtime governance structure established to ensure appropriate individuals are engaged during decision making
2. Lack of escalation points and decision making triggers	✓ Comprehensive and collaborative planning workflow developed outlining clear triggers , decision making points and owners ✓ Clinical service delivery prioritized during downtime planning process
3. Poorly understood communication channels	✓ Implemented standard communication methodologies and standard timelines

Downtime Workshop

Solutions Continued

Issues Identified	Implemented Solutions
Short timeframe for downtime notification	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ Standard planning time of 3 months established in order to allow adequate time for recruitment and training of staff ✓ Development of new features to be released post-downtime closed once date and length of downtime established
Lack of clear roles and responsibilities for staff members	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ Process and action item owners identified ✓ Job action sheets developed to ensure process and action item owners know what to do and when to do it when planning and executing downtimes ✓ Downtime workflows revised and updated with feedback from IT and clinical stakeholders



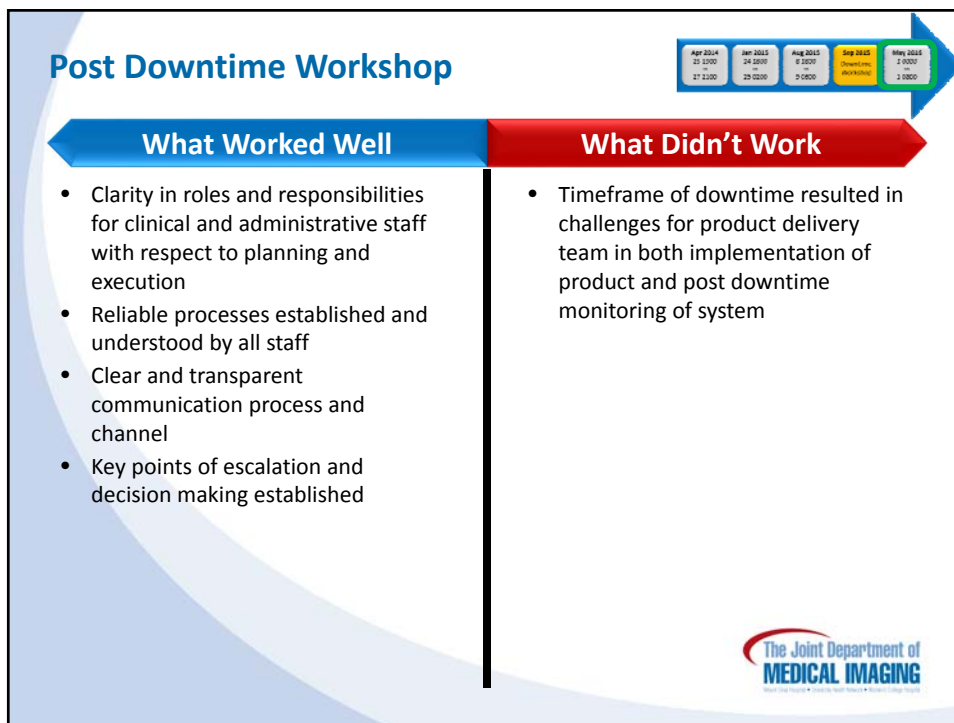
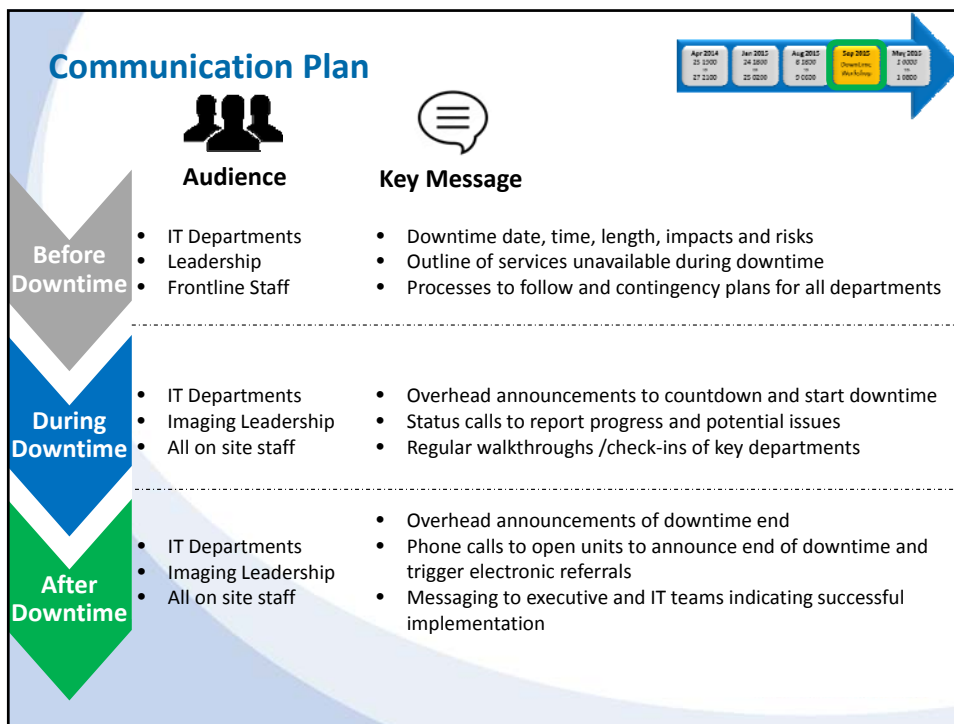


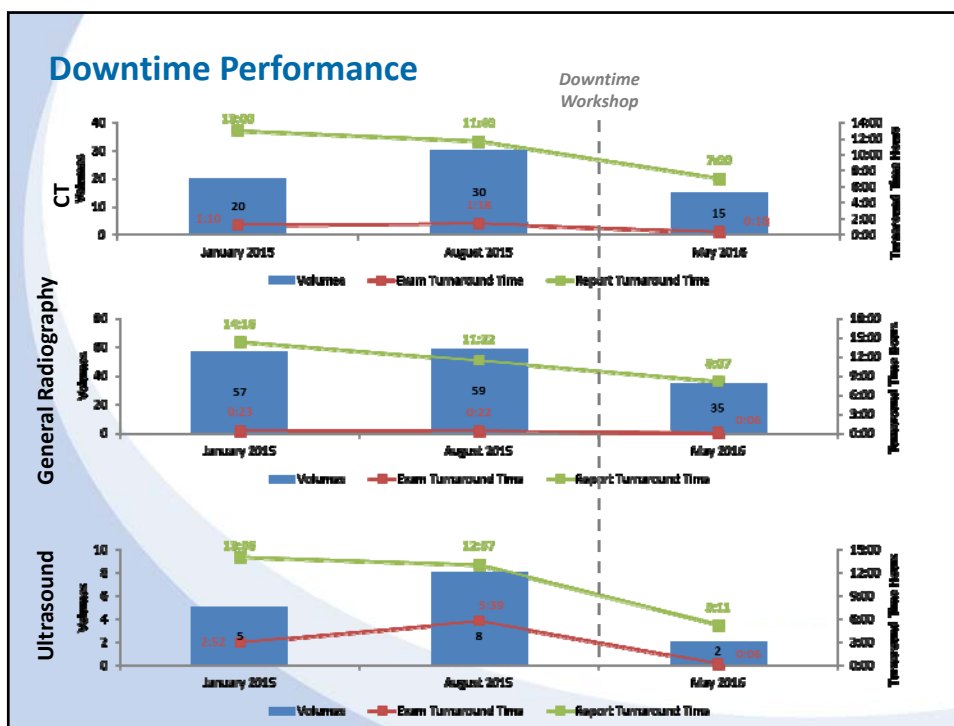
Job Action Sheet

Senior Clinical Director

Apr 2014 25 1200 - 27 1200	Mar 2015 24 1200 - 25 0200	Aug 2015 6 1800 - 9 0000	Sep 2015 DownTime Plan Review	May 2016 2 0000 - 3 1800
-------------------------------------	-------------------------------------	-----------------------------------	-------------------------------------	-----------------------------------

Trigger	Task	Execution Time
Before Downtime		
Communication Downtime Date to Management Team	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Communicate Downtime Date and Time Initiate planning Create leadership and frontline schedule Engage physician stakeholders 	3 Months Prior to Downtime
During Downtime		
Downtime Start	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Conduct staff visits and support where necessary Participate in status calls 	Immediately when downtime begins
After Downtime		
Downtime End Status Calls	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Initiate communication to IP units Initiate Recovery Process 	Immediately following end of downtime





Lessons Learned

- Consolidated departmental workflow with key points of escalation, communication and decision points allowed for safe and effective management of clinical operations
- Paper processes with appropriate supporting workflows proved to be more reliable and less susceptible to error
- Alignment of downtime timeframes with low periods of clinical activity resulted in fewer requests and better performance

Conclusion

- Key components of a good plan are communication and coordination
- Individual workflows and plans with little transparency between teams results in inefficient and error prone planning and execution of events
- In situations where regular downtimes are needed, having the appropriate planning and focus can ensure that patient care is not compromised



Next Steps

- Develop process workflows for unplanned downtimes
- Improve data capture processes to better measure performance during downtime events
- Consider consistent dates and times for downtimes in order to minimize impact to patients and external departments while balancing pressure on product delivery team



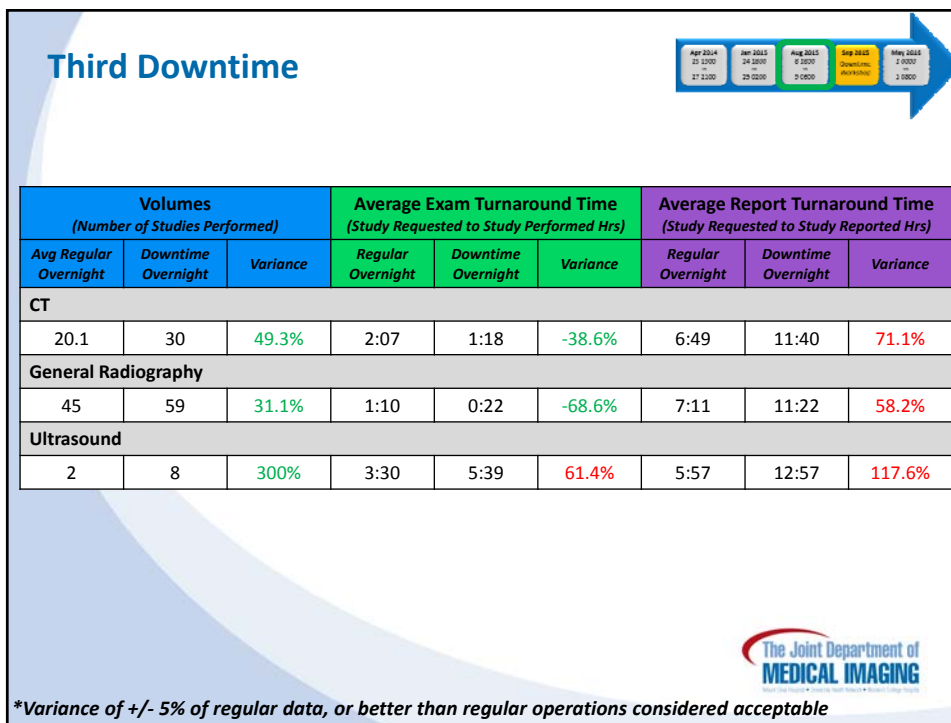
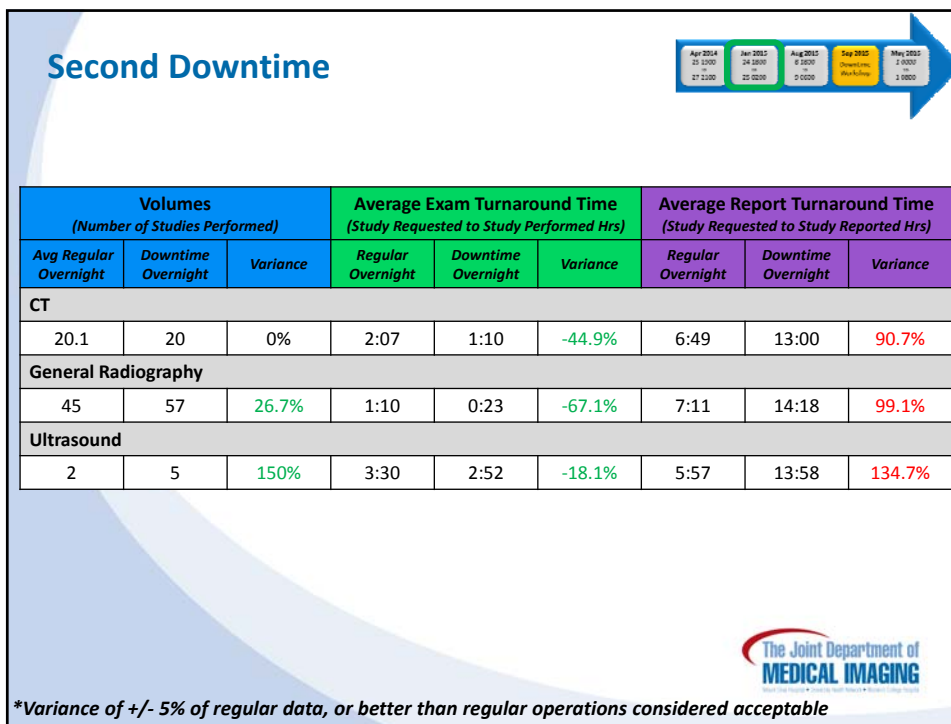
Additional Information

For additional information please contact Paul
Cornacchione at paul.cornacchione@uhn.ca



Appendix





First Post Workshop Downtime






Volumes (Number of Studies Performed)			Average Exam Turnaround Time (Study Requested to Study Performed Hrs)			Average Report Turnaround Time (Study Requested to Study Reported Hrs)		
Avg Regular Overnight	Downtime Overnight	Variance	Regular Overnight	Downtime Overnight	Variance	Regular Overnight	Downtime Overnight	Variance
CT								
20.1	15	-25.4%	2:07	0:18	-85.8%	6:49	7:00	2.7%
General Radiography								
45	35	-22.2%	1:10	0:06	-91.4%	7:11	8:07	13%
Ultrasound								
2	2	0%	3:30	0:06	-97.1%	5:57	5:11	-12.9%

Time Required to Recover:
2 hours and 44 minutes



*Variance of +/- 5% of regular data, or better than regular operations considered acceptable

Relevant Files

File	Description	Attachments
Communication Plan	<i>Detailed plan outlining which stakeholders to engage and when</i>	 Downtime Communication Plan
Senior Clinical Director Job Action Sheet	<i>Detailed instructions for required actions pre, during and post downtime</i>	 Job Action Sheet
Planning Workflow	<i>Comprehensive workflow for departmental planning of downtime</i>	 Downtime Planning Process