Improving the quality of follow-up recommendations for incidental abdominal aneurysms

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Incidental Finding: Case Study

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2007



Impression: Slight interval increase in size of the infrarenal aortic aneurysm to 3.7 cm. No follow-up recommendation reported







Background

- National guidelines provide evidence-based management recommendations for a variety of incidental radiologic findings
- Implementing these practices is relatively low on the local level
- BIDMC has developed institutional guidelines on a few, but not all, of these incidental findings
- Lack of institutional guidelines can result in variable reporting, unnecessary testing or delayed treatment











To use a gap analysis of national versus BIDMC institutional guidelines for the management of incidental abdominal imaging findings in order to:

- Identify recommendations that could be instituted at BIDMC
- Implement guideline, based on national recommendations, and assess impact on patient outcomes



Methods

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Incidental Finding	National Guideline	BIDMC Recommendation
Adnexal Findings	ACR, SRU	Consistent with SRU guidelines
Pancreatic Cysts	ACR	BIDMC-specific based on ACR guidelines
Adrenal Masses	ACR	Consistent with ACR guidelines
Renal Mass	ACR	Absent
Liver Lesions	ACR Targeted for	Absent
Vascular Findings	ACR guideline	Absent
Splenic and Nodal Findings	ACR development	BIDMC-specific based on <i>Radiology</i> publication
Gallbladder and Biliary Findings	ACR	Absent
Pulmonary Nodules	Fleischner	Consistent with ACR guidelines



Methods



Develop BIDMC-specific recommendations

- Aneurysm recommendations based on national guidelines and literature
- Input from radiologists, interventional radiologists and vascular surgeons

For management of an incidental abdominal aortic aneurysms measuring [choose size]:

- Option 1: 3.0-3.4 cm, follow-up US in 3 years recommended. Additionally, recommend Vascular Surgery consultation.
- Option 2: 3.5-3.9 cm, follow-up US in 2 years recommended. Additionally, recommend Vascular Surgery consultation.
- Option 3: 4.0-4.4 cm, follow-up US in 1 year recommended. Additionally, recommend Vascular Surgery consultation.
- Option 4: 4.5-4.9 cm, follow-up US in 6 months recommended. Additionally, recommend Vascular Surgery consultation.
- Option 5: 5.0-5.5 cm, follow-up US in 3-6 months recommended. Additionally, recommend Vascular Surgery consultation.

For management of an incidental <u>splenic artery aneurysm</u> measuring [choose size]:	IFor management of an incidental <u>renal artery aneurysms</u> dmeasuring [choose size]:		
Option 1: < 2.0 cm, [select option]	Option 1: 1.0 cm -1.4 cm, [select option]		
 1 year follow-up with CTA recommended. If the aneurysm is stable, recommend subsequent follow-up every 12 months with US, and if not well seen, with MRI 	 follow-up with CTA recommended in 1-2 years. if the aneurysm is stable, recommend subsequent follow-up every 12-24 months with US, and if not well seen, with MRI 		
Option 2: ≥ 2.0 cm, Interventional Radiology and/or Vascular Surgery consultation recommended for consideration of endovascular management	i ⁱ Option 2: ≥1.5 cm, Interventional Radiology and/or Vascular 1 Surgery consultation recommended for consideration of pendovascular management o:		







	Pre-intervention		Post- intervention
	Feb - Apr 2019	Feb - Apr 2020	Feb - April 2021
Number detected	90	75	103
Known to vascular surgery	14 (16%)	13 (17%)	*
Correct follow-up recommendation reported	8 (9%)	13 (17%)	40 (39%) p < 0.001
 No follow-up imaging (3.0-4.5 cm) No vascular sx referral (>4.5 cm) 	63 (77%) 19 (23%)	55 (89%) 7 (11%)	52 (50%) 11 (11%)
New vascular sx referral after scan?	8 (9%)	9 (12%)	*
Follow-up imaging to re-assess AAA	15 (17%)	13 (17%)	*







	Pre-intervention		Post-intervention
	Feb - Apr 2019	Feb - Apr 2020	Feb - Apr 2021
Splenic artery aneurysm			
Number detected	46	25	69
Correct follow-up reported	3 (7%)	0 (0%)	21 (30%) P < 0.001
New Vasc sx/IR referral after scan	0/4 (0%)	0/3 (0%)	*
Follow-up imaging to re-assess	2/46 (4%)	0/25 (0%)	*
Renal artery aneurysm			
Number detected	10	5	9
Correct follow-up reported	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)
New Vasc sx/IR referral after scan	1/3 (33%)	0/2 (0%)	*
Follow-up imaging to re-assess	3/7 (43%)	0/5 (0%)	*





Conclusion

- Institution-specific guidelines can improve the reporting of recommendations for incidental abdominal aneurysms
- Next steps
 - Impact on imaging followup and specialist referral
 - Increasing uptake and ensuring sustainability







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