

Added Value & Improved Performance Resulting from an Online Radiology Quality & Safety Reporting and Learning System

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SUMMARY STATEMENT

Ten years ago, in response to the lack of a suitable mechanism for collecting and managing quality and safety data, our Quality Team chose to develop and implement a secure online reporting tool for collecting and managing all adverse events or near misses that occurred across our sites of service in our tertiary academic medical center.

Purpose of Storyboard:

The purpose of this storyboard is to share our lessons learned, and to illustrate how relevant mission-driven quality and safety data can be collected, analyzed, trended, and managed.

Message to Share:

We show how an online secure tool can be employed to meet near regulatory compliance requirements, to identify PQI projects, to implement new processes, to improve clinical operations and patient safety, and to identify learning and educational opportunities for all staff.

Prior Conditions at Onset of Project:

Ten years ago, our Quality and Safety Program consisted of a group of inexperienced yet enthusiastic "champions" drowning in the following:

- A confusing array of emerging regulatory requirements, including peer review, ever changing National Patient Safety Goals, sentinel event reporting, PQRS metrics etc.
- A lack of resources, including protected time, human, IT and financial. We didn't even know what resources we needed!
- A lack of effective and efficient processes for collecting and managing relevant data.
- The lack of a reliable mechanism for collecting, documenting and managing all safety related events that occur in a large radiology department
- A Culture of skepticism and lack of willing participation by all staff

TARGET GOALS

- Identify and secure the necessary resources required to develop an effective process
- Develop and implement a secure managed online system that ensures that all 4 domains of quality and safety are addressed:
 - Staff and patient safety
 - Customer service
 - Practice improvement
 - Professional improvement
- Identify Key Performance Indicators (KPIs) that are linked to the department's mission statement
- Develop tools that allow data from each KPI to be continuously collected, monitored and managed
- Make outcomes data visible: show the gains and the losses!
- Apply basic PDSA principles to the tool to ensure continuous evaluation of effectiveness and allow and promote change and improvement

Principles of Initial Engagement

- The system is secure, anonymous, and data can never be discovered
- No retaliation will ever be tolerated
- Submitted cases are immediately auto-directed to assigned technical or clinical quality officers depending on modality or organ system.
- The tool is continuously managed and submitters are notified of each outcome when the case has been resolved or investigated.

Guiding Principles for Enhancing Participation of Faculty

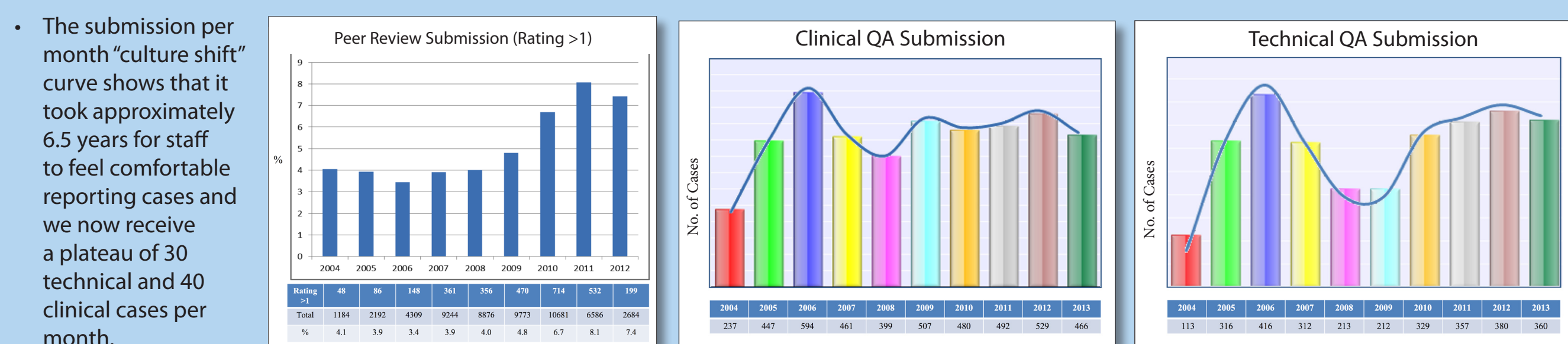
- Each submitter receives secure prompt feedback
- All cases are assigned to dedicated modality or clinical section quality officers respectively (to ensure appropriate investigation, resolution and sharing with peers),
- Lessons learned and implemented changes are shared across divisions,
- The tool can be used to ensure regulatory compliance (including audits of national patient safety goals and peer review), and
- The tool preserves anonymity and our just culture of no blame
- Every submission is seen as a learning, educational or even research opportunity.

The Journey Begins

- In 2003, we developed and implemented a secure managed online Quality and Safety reporting system for all technical and clinical errors, near-misses and adverse events that occurred in our department.
- Initial enthusiasm for case reporting was great due in part to a coordinated publicity effort. Technical cases outpaced diagnostic clinical cases and a steady state plateau of reporting was reached after 2 years, after which case reporting started to diminish. Our assumption was that this reflected improved performance with a reduction in errors and adverse events.
- We soon realized that reporting of cases required regular reminders to all staff along with simplifying the process of case submission. Secure reporting was enabled on PACS and via all modes of portable digital media.

RESULTS

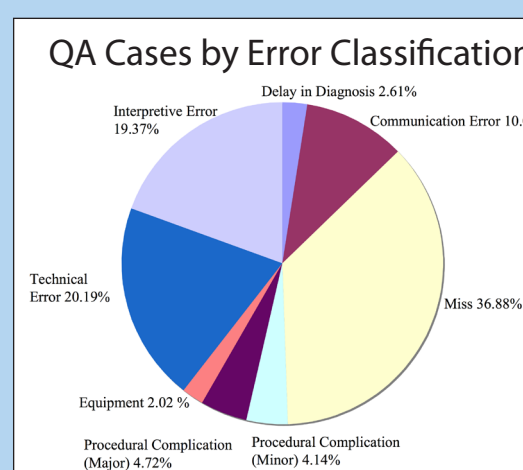
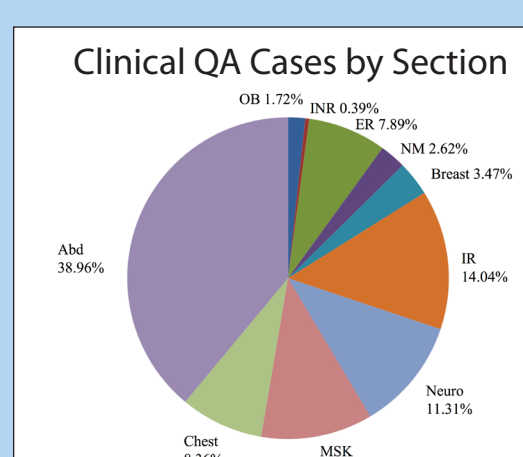
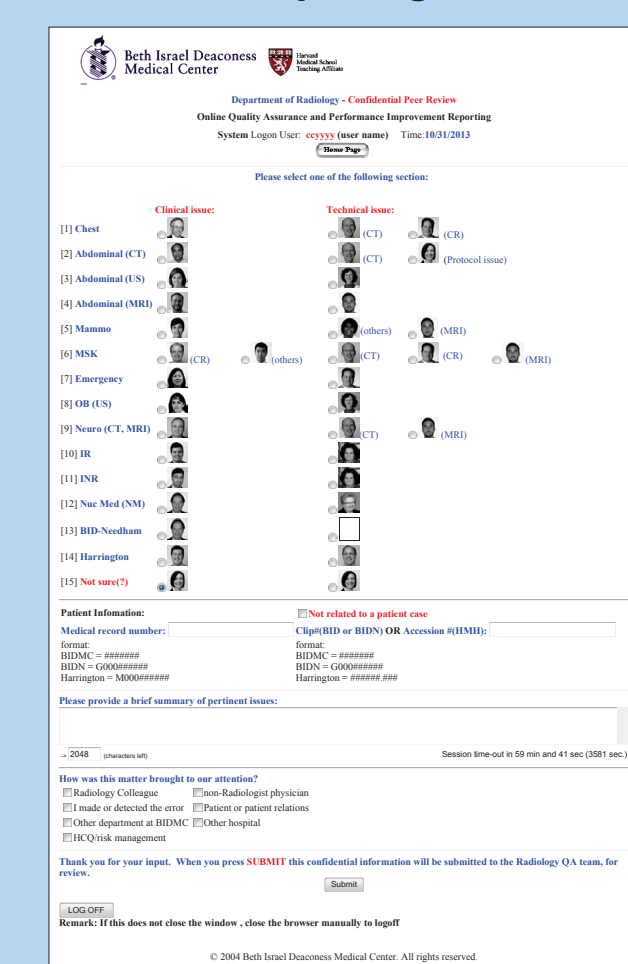
The "Culture Shift" Curves



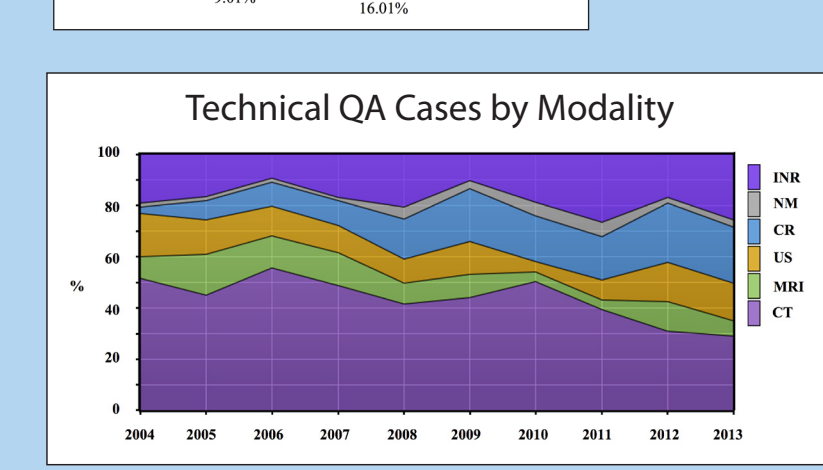
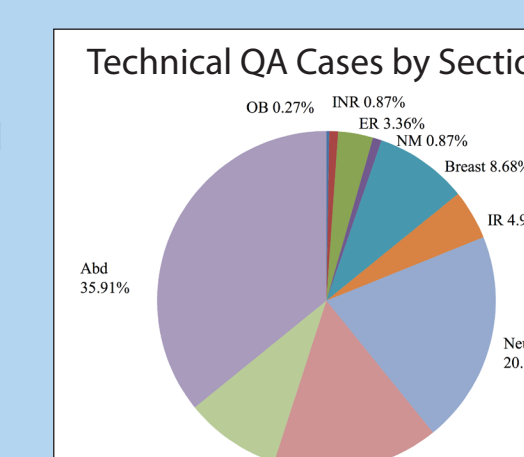
Submission data

- Since July 2003, over 7000 cases (41% technical, 59% clinical) have been reported into the system.

Online QA Reporting Tool

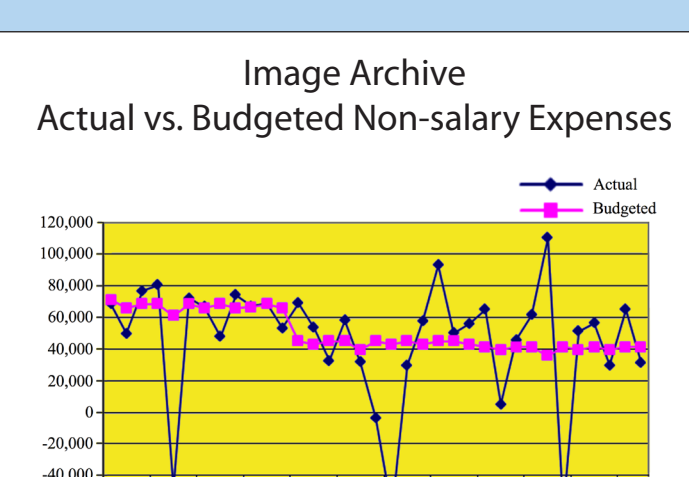
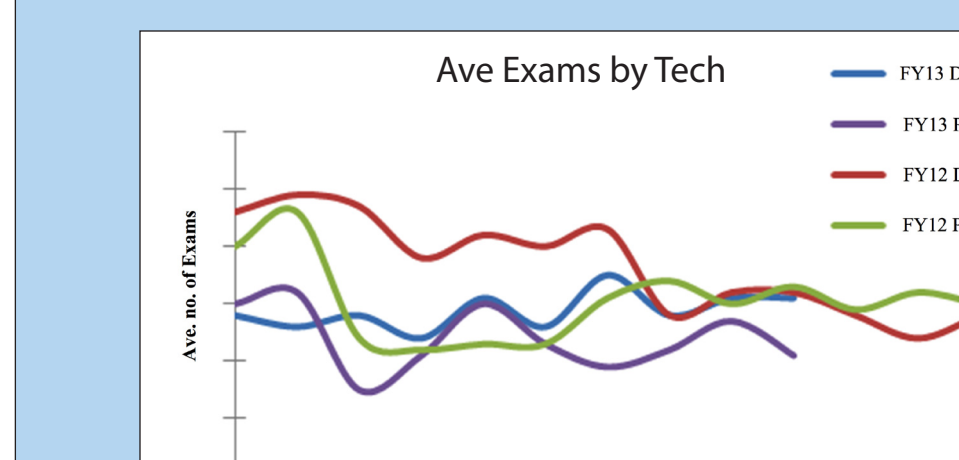
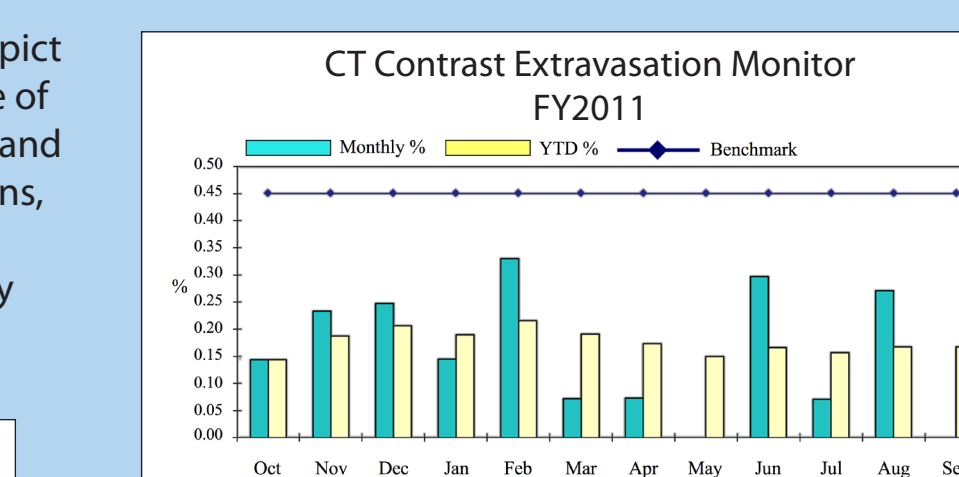
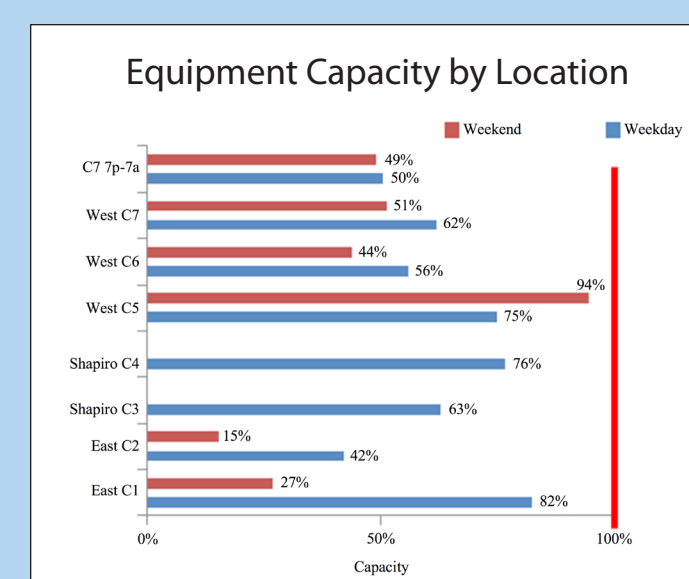


Technical QA dashboard tool



Modality scorecard dashboard

A variety of dashboard can be used to depict mission-based operations metrics; choice of data, methods and frequency of analysis and data management depend on the missions, strategic and annual operating goals of a group. Here we illustrate some commonly used technical operations metrics.



Lessons learned: Dashboards must be monitored and managed, or the data collected will be of no value to the system. Simply collecting data for data sake is unhelpful.

Domain: Customer Service & Satisfaction

KPI

Tool

Dashboard

Outcomes Data

Referring MD Surveys

ABR PQI tool

Questions

Lessons learned:

Tool

Dashboard

Outcomes Data

MSF Tool: RadEval

Lessons learned:

Tool

Dashboard

Outcomes Data

Service Excellence in Radiology

Progress so far

Action Items Implemented

Tool

Dashboard

Outcomes Data

Report notification

Lessons learned:

Tool

Dashboard

Outcomes Data

Academic planning

Fac development Dashboard

RadPlan

Domain: Practice Improvement

KPI

Tool

Dashboard

Outcomes Data

Unread cases on PACS

RadDash

Lessons learned:

Tool

Dashboard

Outcomes Data

Result communication

RadResults

Lessons learned:

Tool

Dashboard

Outcomes Data

Important results notification tool:

Lessons learned:

Tool

Dashboard

Outcomes Data

Critical results notification compliance tool:

Lessons learned:

Tool

Dashboard

Outcomes Data

Unapproved reminder

RadRemind

Lessons learned:

Tool

Dashboard

Outcomes Data

ED Wet read compliance

ED-Rad

Lessons learned:

Domain: Professional Improvement

KPI

Tool

Dashboard

Outcomes Data

Radiologist peer review

RadReview

Lessons learned:

Tool

Dashboard

Outcomes Data

Regulatory compliance

RadComply

Lessons learned:

Tool

Dashboard

Outcomes Data

Clinical performance

RadStick

Lessons learned:

Tool

Dashboard

Outcomes Data

Domain: Staff and Patient Safety

Patient Safety Reporting tools:

Tool

Dashboard

Outcomes Data

Clinical adverse events

Performance Manager

Lessons learned:

Tool

Dashboard

Outcomes Data

Environmental safety

Safety Rounds data manager: Performance Manager

Lessons learned:

CONCLUSIONS

From over 10 years of experience using a web-based quality and safety management tool, we have made the following observations:

- it takes approximately 6.5 years for physicians to feel "safe" in reporting their own or others errors
- the system requires active and sustained management by members of enthusiastic and skilled quality team
- the system requires continuous additions and improvements in response not only to adverse events or even near misses, but to ever changing hospital and Joint Commission requirements and operations policies
- based on our aggregated data, such a managed tool results in continuous quality, safety and performance improvement for both patients and staff.
- The entire process has become an integral component of our culture and our daily workflow, and continues to sprout additional tools, processes, guidelines and protocols.